

Gramadeg



Enw: _____

Dosbarth: _____

Athrawes/Athro: _____

Yr amser presennol - The present tense



Rydw i'n..... I/ I am.....

Rwyt ti'n.....*You/ You are..... (s)

Mae o'n..... He/ He is.....

Mae hi'n..... She/ She is.....

Mae John yn..... John/ John is.....

Rydyn ni'n..... We/ We are.....

Rydych chi'n...** You/ You are.....(p)

Maen nhw'n..... They/ They are...



Dydw i ddim yn..... I don't/ I am not.....

Dwyt ti ddim yn.....* You don't/ You aren't..... (s)

Dydy o ddim yn..... He doesn't/ He isn't.....

Dydy hi ddim yn..... She doesn't/ She isn't.....

Dydy John ddim yn..... John doesn't/ John isn't.....

Dydyn ni ddim yn..... We don't / We aren't.....

Dydych chi ddim yn.....** You don't/ You aren't.....(p)

Dydyn nhw ddim yn..... They don't/ They aren't...



Ydw i'n...?

Am I.../Do I...?

Wyt ti'n...?*

Are you.../Do you...?

Ydy o'n...?

Is he.../Does he...?

Ydy hi'n...?

Is she/ Does she...?

Ydy Joe yn...?

Is Joe.../Does Joe...?

Ydyn ni'n...?

Are we.../Do we...?

Ydych chi'n...?*

Are you.../Do you...?

Ydyn nhw'n...?

Are they.../Do they...?



Gwaith Cartref - Ymarfer Yr Amser Presennol

1. I like eating sausage and chips.
2. He doesn't go to Ysgol John Bright.
3. She goes to dance after school.
4. Catrin doesn't enjoy studying French.
5. We go on holiday to Spain every year.
6. They walk to school every morning
7. We play hockey.
8. You (s) enjoy watching tv.
9. They shop in Tesco.
0. Am I the oldest? (y hynaf - *the oldest*)

Bocs Help

ar ôl - after

astudio = studying

ar wyliau = on holiday

bob blwyddyn = every year

bob bore = every morning

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
0. _____

Mynegi Barn

ardderchog - excellent

addysgol - educational

bert - pretty

dda iawn - very good

ddefnyddiol - useful

ddiddorol - interesting

ddifyr - amusing

ddoniol - funny

drendi - trendy

ffasiynol - fashionable

fendigedig - brilliant

flasmus - tasty

gyffrous - exciting

gyfforddus - comfortable

hanesyddol - historical

hwyl - fun

iachus - healthy

llawer o hwyl - lots of fun

olygus - good looking

rhad - cheap

rhagorol - excellent

rhamantus - romantic

rhywiol - sexy

wahanol - different

ymlaciol - relaxing

anddiddorol - disinteresting

afiach - unhealthy

anghyfforddus - uncomfortable

anobeithiol - hopeless

anodd - difficult

bathetig - pathetic

beryglus - dangerous

blentynaidd - childish

ddi-bwynt - pointless

ddi-flas - tasteless

ddiflas - boring

ddrud - expensive

dreisgar - violent

dwp - stupid

ffiaidd - hateful

hen ffasiwn - old fashioned

hyll - ugly

ofnadwy - terrible

ofnus - scary

sbwriel - rubbish

wastraff amser - waste of time



1. Tanlinellwch farnau cadarnhaol gyda phen gwyrdd a barnau negyddol gyda phen coch. Rhwng gylch o gwmpas pob ansoddair.
1. Underline positive opinions in green pen and negative opinions in red pen. Put a circle around every adjective.

Dw i'n dwli efo fy ysgol i! Rydw i'n mynd i'r ysgol yn Llandudnoi, ac rydw i wrth fy modd yno. Pam? Wel, i ddechrau rydw i'n mwynhau bod yno gyda fy ffrindiau i gyd. Diolch byth, rydyn ni yn yr un dosbarth felly rydyn ni'n cael llawer o hwyl efon gilydd. Fy hoff bwnc ydy Cymraeg achos mae'r athrawon yn garedig ac yn helpu llawer. Dydw i ddim yn hoffi gwersi Ymarfer Corff. Ych-a-fi! Mae'n well gen i eistedd tu ôl desg! Mae Jac yn hoffi chwarae rygbi dros yr ysgol ond dydw i ddim yn mwynhau chwarae rygbi. Rydw i'n caru chwarae pêl-fasged efo Mr Sweet achos mae'n ardderchog.

2. Nawr, ysgrifennwch baragraff eich hun gan ddefnyddio llawer o farn. Does dim rhaid i chi drafod yr ysgol.
2. Now, write your own paragraph using lots of opinion. You don't have to discuss school.

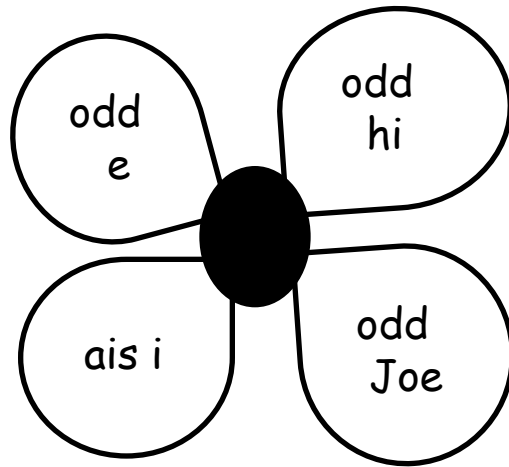
Person 1af - 3ydd person

Bore da. Lois ydw i. Dw i'n un deg pedwar oed a dw i'n byw yn Llandudno efo fy nheulu. Mae gen i wallt brown a llygaid glas. Dw i'n mynd i'r Ysgol Uwchradd Creuddyn ond es i i'r Ysgol gynradd Craig Y Don.

Fy hobi i ydy dawnsio achos mae'n llawer o hwyl ond dw i ddim yn mwynhau rygbi achos mae'n sbwriel. Dw i'n hoffi dawnsio ar y penwythnos efo fy ffrinidau. Dw i'n mynd i glŵb dawns bob dydd Sul. Penwythnos diwethaf es i i'r sinema efo fy ffrindiau yn Llandudno. Gwyliais i "Star Wars." Roedd o'n ardderchog. Penwythnos nesaf, hoffwn i fynd i'r parc achos hoffwn i mynd nofio efo mam.

Nawr, trowch y person 1af i'r 3ydd person.

Yr amser gorffennol - The past tense



Endings

ais i - I
aist ti - You
odd o - He
odd hi - She
odd Joe - Joe
on ni - We
och chi - You
on nhw - They

Rheolau

1. Find the stem of the verb
2. Add the correct ending depending on the person you are talking about.

How to find the stem of the verb

1. Verbs with a vowel at the end of the word:

Take off the vowel at the end of the word to find the stem

e.e prynu = pryn bwyta = bwyt nofio = nofi gwylio = gwyli

2. Words that end with an 'ed' or 'eg'

e.e yfed = yf rhedeg = rhed cerdded = cerdd

3. Words that do not change at all.

e.e chwarae = chwarae darllen = darllen

Berfau afreolaidd - Irregular Verbs

mynd - to go

Es i	-	I went
Est ti	-	You went
Aeth o	-	He went
Aeth hi	-	She went
Aeth Joe	-	Joe went
Aethon ni	-	We went
Aethoch chi	-	You went
Aethon nhw	-	They went

dod - to come

Des i	-	I came
Dest ti	-	You came
Daeth o	-	He came
Daeth hi	-	She came
Daeth Joe	-	Joe came
Daethon ni	-	We came
Daethoch chi	-	You came
Daethon nhw	-	They came

cael - to have

Ces i	-	I had
Cest ti	-	You had
Cafodd o	-	He had
Cafodd hi	-	She had
Cafodd Joe	-	Joe had
Cafon ni	-	We had
Cawsoch chi	-	You had
Cawson nhw	-	They had

gwneud - to do

Gwnes i	-	I did/made
Gwnest ti	-	You did/made
Gwnaeth o	-	He did/made
Gwnaeth hi	-	She did/made
Gwnaeth Joe	-	Joe did/made
Gwnaethon ni	-	We did/made
Gwnaethoch chi	-	You did/made
Gwnaethon nhw	-	They did/made

Yr amser amherffraith - The imperfect tense

Roeddwn i..... I was.....

Roeddet ti.....You were..... (s)

Roedd o..... He was.....

Roedd hi..... She was.....

Roedd John..... John was.....

Roedden ni..... We were.....

Roeddech chi..... You were.....(p)

Roedden nhw..... They were.....

Roeddwn i'n byw yn Ninas Powys - I was living in Dinas Powys

Roeddech chi'n gweithio'n galed - You were working hard

Roedd hi'n siopa yn Llundain - She was shopping in London

Doeddwn i ddim..... I wasn't.....

Doeddet ti ddim..... You weren't..... (s)

Doedd o ddim..... He wasn't.....

Doedd hi ddim..... She wasn't.....

Doedd John ddim..... John wasn't.....

Doedden ni ddim..... We weren't.....

Doeddech chi ddim..... You weren't.....(p)

Doedden nhw ddim..... They weren't...

Doedd hi ddim yn siopa yn Llundain - She wasn't shopping in London

Doeddwn i ddim yn byw ym Mhenarth - I wasn't living in Penarth⁹

Yr amser dyfodol - The future tense

Hoffwn i - I would like
Hoffet ti - You would like
Hoffai o - He would like
Hoffai hi - She would like
Hoffai Joe - Joe would like
Hoffen ni - We would like
Hoffech chi - You would like
Hoffen nhw - They would like

Bydda i - I will
Byddi di - You will
Bydd o - He will
Bydd hi - She will
Bydd Joe - Joe will
Byddwn ni - We will
Byddwch chi - You will
Byddan nhw - They will

To simply put any tense into a negative form you add 'ddim' afterwards. However the first letter will take a mutation. If the first letter is a T C or P it will take an aspirate mutation. If the letter is not then it will take a soft mutation.

The Aspirate Mutation

T - Th

C - Ch

P - Ph

The Soft Mutation

T - D

C - G

P - B

D - Dd

G - 'disappears'

B - F

Rh - R

Ll - L

M - F



Should

Dylwn i

Dylet ti

Dylai o

Dylai hi

Dylen ni

Dylech chi

Dylen nhw

Ddylwn i ddim

Ddylet ti ddim

Ddylai o ddim

Ddylai hi ddim

Ddylen ni ddim

Ddylech chi ddim

Ddylen nhw ddim

Could

Gallwn i

Gallet ti

Gallai o

Gallai hi

Gallen ni

Gallech chi

Gallen nhw

Allwn i ddim

Allet ti ddim

Allai o ddim

Allai hi ddim

Allen ni ddim

Allech chi ddim

Allen nhw ddim

Would

Baswn i

Baset ti

Basai o

Basai hi

Basen ni

Basech chi

Basen nhw

Faswn i ddim

Faset ti ddim

Fasai o ddim

Fasai hi ddim

Fasen ni ddim

Fasech chi ddim

Fasen nhw ddim

Yr amser perffaith - The perfect tense

Rydw i wedi..... I have.....

Rwyt ti wedi..... You have..... (s)*

Mae o wedi..... He has.....

Mae hi wedi..... She has.....

Mae John wedi..... John has.....

Rydyn ni wedi..... We have.....

Rydych chi wedi..... You have.....(p)**

Maen nhw wedi..... They have.....

Rydw i wedi byw yn y Barri - I have lived in Barry

Mae e wedi chwarae rygbi - He has played rugby

Mae hi wedi siopa yng Nghaerdydd - She has shopped in Cardiff

Tasg Ymarfer - Darllenwch yr e-bost ac wedyn rhwch y geirfa cywir yn y bocsys isod. Read the email and then put the correct vocabulary in the boxes below.

Annwyl Mr Grech,

I have siarad â Mr Jones yn yr Urdd ac he has dweud ei bod hi'n iawn i fynd i Langrannog ym mis Mai. We have codi llawer o arian i helpu gyda'r bws. Edwards Coaches have cynnig bws am £500 i ni am benwythnos. Rhesymol iawn, rydw i'n meddwl! They have dweud bod tŷ bach a theledu ar y bws hefyd. You** have derbyn pecyn diogelwch a iechyd yn y post. Allech chi llofnodi'r llythyr mor gynted â phosibl os gwelwch yn dda?

Diolch yn fawr,

Miss Lawrence

1.	2.	3.
4.	5.	6.

fy/dy/ei/ein/eich/eu

fy (my) nasal mutation - fy nghi (my dog) fy nheulu (my family) fy mhen (my head)

dy (your) soft mutation - dy frawd (your brother) dy ddesg (your desk)

ei (his) soft mutation - ei fam (his mum) ei gath (his cat) ei law (his hand)

ei (her) aspirate mutation - ei phen (her head) ei thrwyn (her nose)

ein (our) no mutation but causes a 'h' to appear before a vowel - ein hysgol

(our school)

eich (your) no mutation - eich enw (your name)

eu (their) no mutation but causes a 'h' to appear before a vowel - eu hiaith

(their language)

Treigladau - Mutations

TREIGLAD MEDDAL Soft Mutation	TREIGLAD TRWYNOL Nasal Mutation	TREIGLAD LLAES Aspirate Mutation
T -> D	T -> NH	T -> TH
C -> G	C -> NGH	C -> CH
P -> B	P -> MH	P -> PH
B -> F	B -> M	
D -> Dd	D-> N	
G -> -	G-> NG	
Ll-> L		
M-> F		
Rh-> R		

Treigladd Meddal - Soft Mutation

Reason for the mutation	Example
<u>yn/ 'n</u>	
- "yn" + adjective	Mae'r ferch yn d al iawn <i>The girl is very tall.</i>
- "yn" + age	Mae'r ferch yn d deg oed. <i>The girl is 10 years old.</i>
- "yn" + time	Mae hi'n d deg o'r gloch. <i>It is 10 o'clock.</i>
<u>Feminine noun after "y"</u>	y g adair - the chair y f enyw - the woman y g ath - the cat
<u>Rhifau - Numbers</u>	
- <u>Un (1)</u> + feminine noun	un g ath - one cat un g adair - one chair
- After <u>dau</u> and <u>dwy</u>	dau f rawd - two brothers dwy b unt - two pounds
<u>After prepositions</u>	
am dros	
ar drwy	ar w yliau - on holiday
at wrth	am d deg o'r gloch - at 10am
gan hyd	Es i i D wrci - I went to Turkey
heb gyda	Daeth e o Gymru - He came from Wales
i	
o	
dan	

Treigladd Trwynol - Nasal Mutation

Reason for the mutation	Example
<p>"yn" after "yn" + name of a place (<i>"yn"</i> can also change too)</p>	<p><u>ym</u> <u>Mh</u>ontypridd - in Pontypridd yn <u>nh</u>ŷ Dafydd - in Dafydd's house yng <u>Ng</u>haerdydd - in Cardiff</p>
<p>"fy" When a noun, verb-noun or "bod" follow "fy"</p>	<p>fy <u>ng</u>hi - my dog fy <u>nh</u>eulu - my family fy <u>m</u>rawd - my brother</p>

Treigladd Llais - Aspirate Mutation

Reason for the mutation	Example
<p>"a" after "a" when "a" means "and"</p>	<p>cath a <u>ch</u>i - cat and dog pen a <u>ph</u>apur - pen and paper</p>
<p>"â/gyda" after "â" or "gyda"</p>	<p>torri â <u>ch</u>ylllell - cut with a knife gyda <u>Th</u>ad - with Dad</p>
<p>"tua" after "tua"</p>	<p>tua <u>ph</u>ump o'r gloch - about 5pm tua <u>ch</u>ant o bobl - about 100 people</p>
<p>Rhifau - Numbers after "tri" after "chwe"</p>	<p>tri <u>ch</u>i - three dogs chwe <u>ph</u>unt - six pounds</p>

Ymarfer Treigladau - Mutations Practice

1. Dim o cwbl.
2. Heb bwyd bydda i'n llwgu.
3. Mae ffair ar glan-y-môr yn Llandudno.
4. Rydw i'n mynd i fyw yn Lundain am blwyddyn.
5. Aeth y pethau o llaw i llaw.
6. Aeth hi efo Tad.
7. Heb Duw, heb dim.
8. Mae'r tŷ ar tân.
9. Mae Ifan yn byw yn Deganwy.
10. Mae gen i dau brawd.
11. O Ceredigion daeth Wil.
12. Dydych chi ddim yn gallu prynu unrhywbeth am ceiniog.
13. Gan pwyll a daliwch ati.
14. Mae ganddi hi cath a ci.
15. Wrth gofyn am ddiod, doedd dim arian gyda fe.
16. Eisteddodd hi ar y cadair.
17. Ewch i'r dde gan troi wedyn i'r chwith.
18. Heb car, mae rhaid i mi gerdded.
19. I Llandudno bydd Mamgu yn mynd ar ei gwyliau.
20. Rydw i'n byw yn Bae Colwyn.

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19. _____
20. _____

Arddodiaid

Certain verb nouns take prepositions after them. Here are some important examples:

<u>Am</u>	
Gofalu <u>am</u>	- to care for
Meddwl <u>am</u>	- think about
Cosbi <u>am</u>	- to punish for
Breuddwydio <u>am</u>	- to dream about
Siarad <u>am</u>	- to dream about



<u>Ar</u>	
Galw <u>ar</u>	- to call on
Dibynnu <u>ar</u>	- to depend on
Edrych <u>ar</u>	- to look at
Gwrando <u>ar</u>	- to listen to
Gweiddi <u>ar</u>	- to shout at
Sylwi <u>ar</u>	- to notice
Gwennu <u>ar</u>	- to smile at
Ymosod <u>ar</u>	- to attack



<u>At</u>	
Anfon <u>at</u>	- to send to
Ysgrifennu <u>at</u>	- to write to
Edrych ymlaen <u>at</u>	- to look at
Cyfrannu <u>at</u>	- to contribute to

<u>Gan</u>	
Derbyn <u>gan</u>	- to receive from (someone)
Gofyn (rhywbeth) <u>gan</u> (rhywun)	- to ask (something) by (someone)
Benthyca (rhywbeth) <u>gan</u> (rhywun)	- to borrow (something) from (someone)
Mae <u>ganddi hi</u> gwallt brown	- She has brown hair (possession)
Mae <u>ganddo fe</u> llawer o arian	- He has lots of money (possession)

<u>Heb</u>	
Gadael <u>heb</u>	- leave without
<u>Heb</u> fwyd	- without food

I

Dweud i	- to say to
Rhaid i	- must/have to
Gofyn i	- to ask (someone)
Rhoi i	- to put to

Mae rhaid i mi - I must/have to (present)

Roedd rhaid i mi - I had to (past)

Bydd rhaid i mi - I will have to (future)

O

Anfon <u>o</u>	- to send from
Prynu <u>o</u>	- to buy from
Cwmpo <u>o</u>	- to fall from

Dan

Cuddio <u>dan</u>	- to hide under
Cysgodi <u>dan</u>	- to shelter under
Cysgu <u>dan</u>	- to sleep under
Edrych <u>dan</u>	- to look under
Gweithio <u>dan</u>	- to work under

Dros

Apelio <u>dros</u>	- to appeal on behalf of (someone)
Baglu <u>dros</u>	- to trip over (something)
Chwarae <u>dros</u>	- to play for (team/country)
Darllen <u>dros</u>	- to read over (something)

Trwy

Chwilio <u>trwy</u>	- to search through (something)
Edrych <u>trwy</u>	- to look through (something)
Gweithio <u>trwy</u>	- to work through (something)

Wrth

Dweud <u>wrth</u>	- to tell (someone) (something)
Cenfigennu <u>wrth</u>	- to be jealous of (something/someone)
Cyffesu <u>wrth</u>	- to confess to (someone)

Hyd

Disgwyl <u>hyd</u>	- to wait for (a special time)
Dod o <u>hyd</u>	- to discover/come across (something)
Estyn <u>hyd</u>	- to reach across (something)

Arddodiaid - Prepositions

AR	AM	AT	DAN
arna i arnat ti arno fo arni hi arnon ni arnoch chi arnyn nhw	amdana i amdanat ti amdano fo amdani hi amdanon ni amdanoch chi amdanyyn nhw	ata i atat ti ato fo ati hi aton ni atoch chi atyn nhw	dana i danat ti dano fo dani hi danon ni danoch chi danyn nhw
DROS	TRWY	GAN	HEB
drosta i drostat ti drosto fo drosti hi droson ni drosoch chi drostyn nhw	trwydda i trwyddat ti trwyddo fo trwyddi hi trwyddon ni trwyddoch chi trwyddyn nhw	gen i gennyt ti ganddo fo ganddi hi gennyn ni gennych chi ganddyn nhw	hebdda i hebddat ti hebddo fo hebddi hi hebddon ni hebddoch chi hebddyn nhw
HYD	I	O	WRTH
hyd-dda i hyd-ddat ti hyd-ddo fo hyd-ddi hi hyd-ddon ni hyd-ddoch chi hyd-ddyn nhw	i fi i ti iddo fo iddi hi i ni i chi iddyn nhw	ohona i ohonat ti ohono fo ohoni hi ohonon ni ohonoch chi ohonyn nhw	wrtha i wrthat ti wrtho fo wrthi hi wrthon ni wrthoch chi wrthyn nhw

Ymarfer Arddodiaid - Prepositions Practice

1. Dywedodd fy nhad **wrth fi** am ddarllen yr erthygl. (*My dad told to me to read the article.*)
2. Oes (**gan**) ti arian i'w wario yn y dref? (*Do you have enough money to spend in town?*)
3. Gofynnais (**i**) hi ddarllen yn y gwasanaeth. (*I asked her to read in assembly.*)
4. Mae Mam-gu yn dod (**at**) ni i aros am benwythnos hir. (*Grandma is coming to us to stay for a long weekend.*)
5. Mae (**ar**) hi ofn cŵn mawr. (*She is scared of big dogs.*)
6. Mae'n rhaid dweud (**wrth**) fi os wyt ti'n poeni. (*You must tell me if you are worried.*)
7. "Mae cyfrifoleb(**ar**) ti i wella dy waith", meddai'r athro. (*"The responsibility is on you to improve your work," the teacher said.*)
8. Wyt ti wedi clywed oddi (**wrth**) hi? (*Have you heard from her?*)
9. Gwaeddais (**ar**) fe i fod yn dawel. (*I shouted at him to be quiet.*)
10. Aeth mam (**heb**) fi yn y car y bore hwnnw gan fy mod yn hwyr. (*Mum went without me in the car this morning which is why I'm late.*)
11. Ysgrifennais bortread (**o**) ti yn fy arholiad Cymraeg. (*I wrote a portrait of you in my Welsh exam.*)
12. Mae'n rhaid (**i**) fi fynd neu byddaf yn hwyr. (*I have to go or I will be late*)
13. Chwiliais (**am**) hi ymhobman y diwrnod hwnnw. (*I searched for her everywhere that day.*)
14. Beth sy'n bod (**ar**) ti? (*What's the matter with you?*)
15. Soniodd y Prifathro (**am**) ni yn y gwasanaeth Dydd Llun. (*The Headteacher mentioned about us in the assembly on Monday.*)

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14. _____
15. _____

Bod

fy mod i'n	that I am
dy fod di'n	that you are
ei fod o'n	that he is
ei bod hi'n	that she is
ein bod ni'n	that we are
eich bod chi'n	that you are
eu bod nhw'n	that they are

Rydw i'n meddwl bod - I think that
Rydw i'n credu bod - I believe that
Rydw i'n ystyried bod - I consider that
Rydw i'n cytuno bod - I agree that

Rydw i'n meddwl bod Channing Tatum yn olygus iawn.

I think that Channing Tatum is very handsome.

Rydw i'n credu bod Beyonce yn bert dros ben.

I believe that Beyonce is extremely pretty.

Rydw i'n ystyried bod Cymraeg yn llawer o hwyl.

I consider that Welsh is lots of fun.

Rydw i'n cytuno bod Eastenders yn wych.

I agree that Eastenders is great.



Bod

fy mod i'n	that I am
dy fod di'n	that you are
ei fod o'n	that he is
ei bod hi'n	that she is
ein bod ni'n	that we are
eich bod chi'n	that you are
eu bod nhw'n	that they are

Dw i'n meddwl bod - I think that
Dw i'n credu bod - I believe that
Dw i'n ystyried bod - I consider that
Baswn i'n dweud bod - I would say that

Tasg gyfieithu

1. I consider that I am a happy person.

2. I think that he is good looking.

3. I believe that she is fashionable.

4. I think that they are boring.

5. I consider that we are excellent.

6. I believe that you are terrible.

7. I think that I am brilliant.

8. I believe that he is funny.

Tasg gywiro

1. Dw i'm meddwl bod rydw i'n berson hapus.

2. Baswn i'n dweud bod o'n ffasiynol iawn.

3. Mae hi'n ystyried fy bod i'n caredig.

4. Mae o'n credu eich bod nhw'n ardderchog.

5. Maen nhw'n meddwl bod mae Miss Morgan yn athrawes bendigedig.

6. Dw i'n meddwl mae Mr Bellis yn ddoniol.

7. Dw i'n credu Billy yn olygus dros ben.

8. Mae hi'n meddwl fy mod yn weithgar.

9. Mae Billy yn meddwl bod mae o'n chwarae rygbi ar ôl yr ysgol.

10. Baswn i'n dweud ein bod nhw'n llawer o hwyl.

PETASWN I....

Petaswn i _____, baswn i	If I were _____, I would
Petasai hi _____, basai hi	If she was _____, she would
Petasai e _____, basai e	If he was _____, he would
Petasai John _____, basai John	If John was _____, John would
Petasen ni _____, basen ni	If we were _____, we would
Petasen nhw _____, basen nhw	If they were _____, they would

Petaswn i'n cael y cyfle... - *If I were to have the opportunity...*

Petaswn i yn yr ysgol... - *If I were in school...*

Petaswn i'n ugain oed... - *If I were twenty years old...*

Petaswn i'n mynd i Florida... - *If I were to go to Florida...*

Petaswn i'n ennill y loteri... - *If I were to win the lottery...*

Petaswn i ti/chi... - *If I were you (informal/formal)...*

Petaswn i'n gyfoethog... - *If I were rich...*

Petaswn i'n lwcus...-*If I were lucky..*

Petaswn i'n y Prif Weinidog... - *If I were Prime Minister...*

Petaswn i'n Brenin/Frenhines... - *If I were the King/Queen...*

Petasai hi'n bwrw glaw... - *If it were raining...*

Petasai'r plant yn dost... - *If the children were ill...*

Eg. Petaswn i ennill y loteri, baswn i fynd ar wyliau i'r Bahamas achos mae'r tywydd yn boeth iawn.

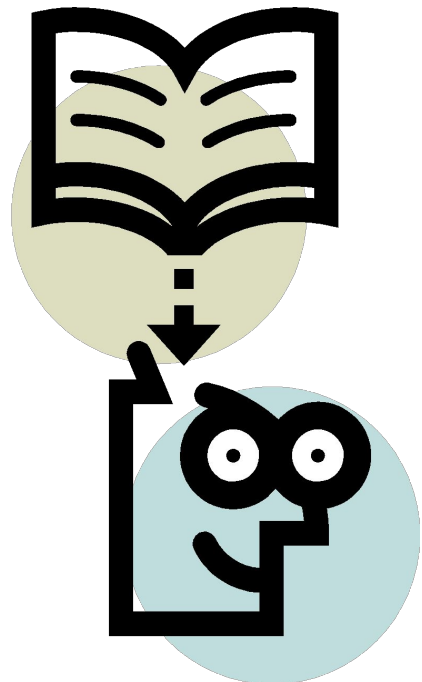
If I were to win the lottery, I would go on holidays to the Bahamas because the weather is very hot.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

about am
across ar draws
after ar ôl
against yn erbyn
around o gwmpas
as fel
at ar
before cyn
behind y tu ôl i
beneath dan
between rhwng
beyond y tu hwnt i
but ond
during yn ystod
except ac eithrio
from o
in yn
inside tu mewn
near ger
next nesaf
of o
on ar
outside tu allan i
over dros
since ers
than na
through drwy
to i
toward tuag at
without heb
according to yn ôl
far from ymhell o fod yn
instead of yn hytrach na

Geiriau defnyddiol Useful words

this hwn
these hyn
those hynny



Idiomau



Ar fy mhen fy hun - By myself/on my own

Ar y pryd - At the time

Beth bynnag - Anyway, however

Byth eto - Never again

Cyn bo hir - Before long

Dim eto - Not again, not yet

Dod i ben - Come to an end

Dros ben llestri - Over the top

Heb os nac onibai - Without a shadow of a doubt

Mae cywilydd arna i - I'm ashamed

Mae chwant arna i - I have a desire

Mae'n galed arna i - It's hard on me

Mae'n ddrwg gen i - I'm sorry (apology)

Mae'n flin gen i - I'm sorry (sympathy)

O ddrwg i waeth - From bad to worse

Mae'n arllwys y glaw - It's pouring with rain

Fel coes brws - As dull as a brush

Mor dywyll â'r ffagddu - Pitch black

Mor gyflym â mellten - As quick as lightning

Yn crio fel babi - Crying like a baby

Yn goch fel gwaed - As red as blood



Gorchmynion/Commands

Bring	Dewch â
Come to	Dewch i
Contact	Cysylltwch â
Don't	Peidiwch â
E Mail	E Bostiwch
Go to	Ewch i
Phone	Ffoniwch
Send to	Anfonwch at
Take	Ewch â
Text	Tecstiwch
Wait for	Arhoswch am
Write to	Ysgrifennwch at

