

## Spanish Revision Checklist

You will be sitting two papers, listening and reading. They are each worth 20 % of your final grade.

**LISTENING:** This exam will last approx 35 minutes at foundation level and 45 minutes at higher level. You will have an additional 5 minutes at the beginning of the exam to read the paper. You will hear each item twice and your answers and you will answer the questions in English. No dictionaries will be allowed.

**READING:** This exam will last 35 minutes at foundation level and 45 minutes at higher level. You will answer the questions in English. No dictionaries will be allowed.

***You should revise vocabulary from the following topics:***

- Personal and social life
  - Self, family, friends, home life, shopping, meals, healthy living, illness and accident, free time, fashion, relationships, future plans.
- Local community
  - Home town, school, education, local environment, pollution, recycling, local facilities, comparisons with other towns and regions, weather and seasons.
- The world of work
  - Work experience, part-time jobs, future careers, technology (sending messages, accessing information)
- The wider world
  - Travel and holidays, media, social issues (e.g. life of young people today, homelessness, crime, drugs, healthy living, religion, politics), life in the countries and communities where the language is spoken

***You also need to be confident recognising the following grammar structures:***

### **SPANISH FOUNDATION TIER**

**Nouns:** gender singular and plural forms

**Articles:** definite and indefinite lo plus adjective

**Adjectives:** agreement position comparative and superlative: regular and mayor, menor, mejor, peor demonstrative (este, ese, aquel) indefinite (cada, otro, todo, mismo, alguno) possessive, short form (mi) possessive, long form (mío) interrogative (cuánto, qué)

**Adverbs:** formation comparative and superlative: regular interrogative (cómo, cuándo, dónde) adverbs of time and place (aquí, allí, ahora, ya) common adverbial phrases Quantifiers/Intensifiers: (muy, bastante, demasiado, poco, mucho)

**Pronouns:** subject object position and order of object pronouns reflexive relative: que relative: quien, lo que (R) disjunctive (conmigo, para mí) demonstrative (éste, ése, aquél, esto, eso, aquello) indefinite (algo, alguien) interrogative (cuál, qué, quién)

**Verbs:**

regular and irregular verbs, including reflexive verbs,

singular and plural modes of address: tú and usted

radical-changing verbs

negative forms

interrogative forms

reflexive constructions (se puede, se necesita, se habla)

uses of ser and estar tenses:

present indicative

present continuous

preterite

imperfect: in weather expressions with estar, hacer

imperfect

immediate future

future

perfect: most common verbs only

conditional: gustar only in set phrases pluperfect

gerund

imperative: common forms including negative

subjunctive present: in certain exclamatory phrases (¡ Viva! ¡Dígame!)

subjunctive imperfect: quisiera

impersonal verbs: most common only

**Prepositions:** common, including personal a por and para

**Conjunctions:** common, including y, pero, o, porque, como, cuando

**Number, quantity, dates**

**Time:** use of desde hace with present tense (R)

**SPANISH HIGHER TIER**

***All grammar and structures listed for Foundation Tier, plus:***

**Articles:** lo plus adjective

**Adjectives:** comparative and superlative possessive, short and long forms (mi, mío) relative (cuyo)

**Adverbs:** comparative and superlative

**Pronouns:** object position and order of object pronouns

**Relative:** all other uses including quien, lo que, el que, lo, el cual possessive (el mío, la mía)

**Verbs:** tenses:

future

imperfect

imperfect continuous

perfect

pluperfect

conditional

passive voice

gerund present subjunctive: imperative, affirmation and negation, future after conjunctions of time (cuando), after verbs of wishing, command, request, emotion, to express purpose (para que)

imperfect subjunctive

**Time:** use of desde hace with present tense use of desde hacía with imperfect tense

### ***Ways to revise***

Complete your vocabulary revision booklet, past papers from the WJEC and other exam boards, ask family members or friends to test you on vocabulary, make mind maps or word palaces of useful vocabulary and stick them up around your room, use useful websites e.g. GCSE Bitesize, GCSEPod, <http://legacy.language-gym.com/>